

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME XII

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, APRIL 14, 1892.

NUMBER 42

COME TO SEE US NOW.

For Our Change in Business Has Put Us in Shape to Give You More Goods for the Money than any of Our Competitors.

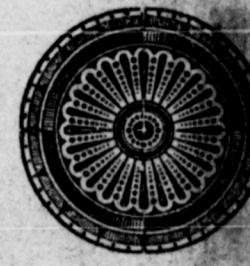
This is No Idle Talk, But the Goods and Prices Talk For Themselves.

We Are In The NEW BUILDING

Across From the Court House, and Our Large Rooms are filled from top to bottom.

CLOTHING AND HATS.

Our spacious upstairs is filled with Clothing and Hats, and have all the newest styles and colors and you bet our prices cannot be touched by any one.



Dry : Goods, Dress Goods, Etc:

It will do you good to see our Dry Goods. We can show you Dress Goods in qualities and colors, and quote you prices on same that will make your heart glad.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

We have the greatest line of Men's and Ladies Shoes that are seldom run across. We aim to carry none but best goods, and prices are as low as the cheap ones are sold.

Our Hats, Furnishing Goods & Notions are Right in Style and Quality.

So come right along and don't wait, but look and see if what we tell you aint just that way.

PIERCE, YANDELL, GUGENHEIM CO.

LOCAL NEWS.

O H Paris has a new boy at his house.

Marion should have a lock-up of her own.

Flowers for sale by Mrs. R. C. Walker.

The police court means business Let her grind.

The usual big crowd was not in town Monday.

Mrs. Loving has 400 different styles of hats to select from.

Mr D Cannon is happy over the arrival of a boy at his house.

Quarterly Court convenes Monday week. Fifteen suits were filed Tuesday.

Let us have substantial street work this summer, brick or stone sidewalks.

Herrin's confectionery has been moved to the house recently occupied Pierce & Yandell.

Mr. E. L. Nunn has purchased a registered Hereford male borine and put with his herd or cattle in this country.

Mr. Robert Boyd, of Salem, was in Marion Monday. He is a candidate for circuit court clerk of Livingston county, and is eminently qualified to fill the office, and is an excellent gentleman in all particulars.

Judge Jas. Campbell, McCracken county's candidate for Congress, addressed a large crowd at the court house Monday. He made a magnificent speech, and on every hand it was highly complimented by those who heard it. The Judge is solid for free coinage of silver. He is a pleasant as well as a forcible speaker.

Messrs. O. M. James and E. C. Flanary, two of our coming young attorneys, attended Squire Steven's court Saturday; one to prosecute Richard Williams and defend Boyd Lynn, and the other to prosecute Lynn and defend Williams for charged infractions of the dignity and peace of the commonwealth—the coun'ty attorney having to attend court at Marion. The attorneys made great fight, and ringing speeches, and both of the accused were acquitted.

Pierce, Yandell, Gugenheim Co., moved into their new quarters last week, and have a magnificent stock of goods now on display. The second floor is devoted exclusively to clothing and hats, while the first floor has dry goods and shoes in great profusion. The firm has a word to our readers on the first page this week.

The enterprising livery stable proprietor, W D Wallingford has found it necessary, in order to meet the demands of his growing business, to erect a new building, and the large and handsome stable on Bellville's street, is the result. Mr. Wallingford is a fine livery man, always ready with an affable smile to meet the requirements of a public.

The board of town trustees and the local board of health held a joint meeting yesterday afternoon to discuss the sanitary condition of the town. These officials will serve notice on the citizens through the city marshal, directing a thorough cleaning up of all premises. Extreme measures will be resorted to, if necessary, to put the town in apple-pie order. Every good citizen should heartily command this work and join in with these officials in their efforts to make the town as near impervious to the diseases that arise from a neglect to observe the laws of cleanliness as is possible. Marion is probably as clean as any town in the State, but she is by means in that happy condition described as next to godliness.

Wedded.

Rev. T. C. Carter and Miss Ella Boston were united in marriage at the residence of Mr. J. B. Carter, of this county, at 1 p. m. Wednesday, April 18; Rev. J. S. Henry officiating. After the ceremony an elegant dinner was served. Quite a number of the many friends of the bride and groom were present to witness the consummation of the happy event and to extend sincere congratulations. The bride is a most estimable young lady, possessing the many virtues that go to make the best of wives and adorn happy homes. The groom is a well-known and popular Baptist minister—one of the ablest and most successful in the Ohio River association.

Mr. W. A. Letzinger and Miss Cora Williams were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. H. B. Williams, of this county, Wednesday evening April 12th at 5 p. m. Mrs. Williams, now Mrs. Letzinger, is a beautiful, refined and amiable young lady, the daughter of one of our best farmers. The groom came from Benton, Tenn., to this place some months ago, but is now engaged in the jewelry business at Eddyville. Many friends extend congratulations.

Saturday Judge W. W. Robertson addressed the people at the court-house. He made a solid democratic speech; covering all the points involved in the great political questions of the day. He is frank and concise. He speaks at Tolu Thursday, Salem, Friday, and Dycusburg Saturday. We bespeak for him a good crowd at each place.

Hats.—The best and latest styles at S. H. Frazier's, Shady Grove.

A BIG SUIT.

J. B. McKinley Sues the Ohio Valley Railroad For \$20,000 Damages.

Mr. J. B. McKinley, who was seriously injured by the premature explosion of a dynamite blast at the Ohio Valley railroad rock quarry some months ago, has filed suit in the Crittenden Circuit Court against the railroad company for \$20,000 damages. The plaintiff in his petition says that he was employed by the company at the quarry, "at which place the defendant used a dangerous explosive, known as dynamite, for the purpose of blasting said rock or stone, the danger and necessary care and caution in the use of said explosives not being then known to the plaintiff, and the defendant wrongfully and negligently failed to apprise and acquaint him, the plaintiff, with the danger attendant upon the use of same, and he says that the defendant had employed a foreman or superintendent at said quarry, who was either not skilled in the use or management of said explosive and business, or was reckless in reference thereto, and the defendant negligently failed to provide the proper tools and implements and to keep them in proper repair for the safe and proper use of said explosive and business, all of which facts were unknown to the plaintiff at the time, and he says that while he, the plaintiff, was so engaged and employed in obeying the orders of the defendant, and without any fault or carelessness on his part, a piece of said dynamite was prematurely exploded by reason of the wilful and gross neglect of the defendant and its agents, charged with the superintendence of said work, in not making such preparations and using such precautions as were necessary and proper for the safety and security of him, the plaintiff, and other like employees in and about said works that by reason of the wilful and gross neglect of the defendant, Owen Boaz was appointed committee for Jasper N. Road, with G. L. Boaz, A. S. Hord and S. J. Koon as surtees.

Bailey George, J. B. Stephenson and Jonth Stone appointed to view and report upon change in road proposed by W. F. Harmon.

C. A. Deboe allowed \$2 for services in trying to arrest Horace Walker.

The case of A. L. Charles vs. W. S. Graves, asking for a reduction of ferry rates across Cumberland river at Dycusburg, was continued.

G. S. Brooks and Chas. Humphrey's were appointed road overseers.

Democratic Committee Meet.

Monday the Democratic County Committee held a meeting in Marion. About twenty members were present. Mr. J. W. Blue tendered his resignation as chairman, and the same was accepted. Mr. P. S. Maxwell was nominated for the vacant chairmanship, and received the unanimous vote of the committee.

Mr. Maxwell was notified of his election and appeared before the committee. He said that he preferred not to serve as there were other men more suitable for the place, but that the members of the committee, as representatives of the Democratic party, insisted, he desired to say that he had never yet failed to respond to the call of his party, and that he would accept the position, thanking the committee for the honor, and do his best for the party as its chairman. Mr. W. H. Asher tendered his resignation as a member of the committee, stating that he had grown old in the service, and as much as the weight of years curtailed his activity, he hoped his resignation would be accepted. The resignation was accepted and Mr. J. D. Asher was chosen to fill the vacancy.

The committee adjourned to meet on the second Monday in May.

Mr. A. C. Moore was called to Salem Saturday to represent Geo. Corn in a case involving three dogs.

There was a dispute as to whether the dogs—three hounds valued at \$6—belonged to Corn or Belt. The court decided that the canines belonged to Corn.

Last week the PRESS suggested that a price be placed on plain drunks in Marion. Our officers have undertaken to carry out the suggestion, and the police court has had some business; and Uncle Joe, the jailor, has been turning the jail key more frequently. We heartily commend the officers in their attempt to break up drunkenness on the streets. There is a law against it, and the people will approve of its enforcement.

Messrs. A. J. Pickens and Jack Baker reached home from the Indian Territory Thursday. They were exceedingly well pleased with the country in so far as the climate and soil is concerned, but the unsettled condition of social and business affairs had no prepossessing aspect for them, and they came home without making any investments.

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PUSHING AHEAD.

Messrs. Brown and Ward Have Faith in Their Mining Enterprise.

Some weeks ago the PRESS stated that operations had been temporarily suspended at the Tabb lead mines on account of a superabundance of water. Since that time the men who represent the capital that is being invested have visited the mines and made a thorough investigation of the prospects. They also visited a number of the big lead mines in Missouri, inspecting the machinery as well as the output of the mines. After thus looking over the field, they have decided to put the work at the Tabb mines on a more stupendous scale, and have accordingly purchased a considerable quantity of new and improved machinery, and are now arranging for putting it in. Additional boilers, large pumps and hoisters and a crushing machine are among the improvements to be made. All the work is being done in substantial way, and the indications are that this company, gratified with the work and prospects so far, has come to stay.

County Court.

The following claims were allowed: Courier-Journal company for Record books \$250.

R. F. Dorr, pauper coffin, \$4.00.

Oscar Lucas and D. West appointed to view and report upon change in public road prepared by C. M. Mayes.

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Hats.—The best and latest styles at S. H. Frazier's, Shady Grove.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. A. C. Gilbert is still very ill.

Mr. H. K. Woods was in Evansville Sunday.

Mr. L. H. James went to Ballard county Sunday.

J. W. Champion, of Salem, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. D. H. Franks, of Eddyville, was in town Monday.

Rufus Witherspoon returned from Kansas Tuesday.

Mr. F. M. Brightman, of Blackford, was in town Tuesday.

C. J. Pierce is confined to his room with rheumatism.

Mr. C. S. Nunn spent two days in Livingston county this week.

W. B. Davis, of Shady Grove, was in town Tuesday.

Messrs. H. A. Haynes and J. W. Blue were in Sturgis Wednesday.

Mrs. A. S. Threlkeld, of Kelsey, was visiting friends in Marion Tuesday.

Mrs. Belle James, of Shady Grove, is visiting friends in Marion.

Go to Mrs. Laura Skelton's for bargains in millinery goods.

A barrel of tacks for 5 cents at Criders' Hardware Store.

Ladies' silk mitts at 15 cents per pair at Mrs. Laura Skelton's.

Mrs. Laura Skelton will sell you a nicely trimmed for fifty cents.

Buy your plows and gearing at Criders' Hardware Store.

Disc Harrows and all kinds of farming implements cheap at Criders' Hardware Store.

Window shades, curtain cloths, curtain poles, big stock, big variety, at Walker & Olives.

If you are looking for the very newest styles in wall paper go to H. K. Woods.

The best road cart on earth for sale by G. M. Crider.

A fine cooking stove, guaranteed, both price and quality at Criders' Hardware Store.

A choice lot of flowers for sale. Also dahlia and gladiolus bulbs.

Mrs. R. C. Walker.

Go to Mrs. Laura Skelton's for Ladies' and Misses' hats, children's caps, silk mitts &c.

Wall paper of all grades and descriptions at Walker & Olives. Latest styles, lowest prices.

All parts owing me for furniture or coffins must settle by May 1st, or their accounts will be given to an officer for collection.

J. H. Morse.

Ladies, Mrs. Luva Skelton's store is the place to buy a stylish hat for a small amount of money. You will find her shop in the Cheap John store.

Wall Paper.

Every grade, the best and cheapest and all the styles at WALKER & OLIVE'S.

Wall paper in the latest varieties, all the best qualities, all the cheap qualities, and all at the lowest prices, all at Walker & Olives.

Clothing! Clothing!

You will find it at S. A. Frazier's, Shady Grove, at the lowest prices.

Hay For Sale.

We will keep constantly on hand No. 1 Timothy hay in small bales and be prepared to fill all orders from 1 bale to car load.

H. H. Loving to R. C. Walker, interest in land for \$825.

J. L. Truit to Arbell Hughes, 50 acres for \$125.

T. A. Vaughan to J. B. Williams 98 acres for \$650.

W. C. Carnahan, heirs to Electra M. Boaz, Getting's house and lot, Opera house buildings. Dear property, Johnson survey of land, for \$9,000.

Same to Mrs. E. G. Wheeler, part of James and the Black survey of land, two brick store rooms, house and lot now occupied by J. T. Pickens, for \$10,350.

Same to W. B. Carnahan, Wolff store room, and all other realty on same block, except the two new store rooms, the Newell farm, hotel property, at Ford's Ferry, lot back of Bigham and Pickens' store room, for \$8,325.

Same to C. M. Preston, A. D. Johnson, D. W. Brookshire, C. W. Bryant, A. C. Deboe, Committees.

Fifth—Red white and blue.

Sixth—Oration by orator of the day, C. M. Preston.

Seventh—Song; Hold the Fort.

All citizens are cordially invited to be present bring along their baskets full of provisions and enjoy the provisions of the evening.

On April 15th and 16th, there will be a public exhibition of cooking on the great CHARTER OAK STOVE at Pierce & Son's Hardware Store.

QUESTIONS ON U.S. HISTORY.

(Selected and prepared by J. F. Price for the U. S. History class at the Academy.)

324. Who was elected President in 1868? 325. What three States were not allowed to vote, and why? 326. What important railroad was completed during this administration? 327. What was the length? 328. What is the fourteenth amendment? 329. When was it adopted? 330. What was the Washington treaty? 331. What four points of difference existed between the United States and England? 334. What were the "Alabama claim"? 335. How were they settled? 336. What was the "fishy question"? 337. How was it settled? 338. What was the "navigation question"? 339. How was it settled? 340. What was the "northeast boundary question"? 341. How was it settled? 342. What great fires occurred? 343. describe the Chicago fire. 344. What was the Modoc war? 345. What was the San Domingo annexation? 346. What was the Credit Mobilier? 347. During what year did we have a great financial panic? 448. What was the cause of it? 349. What was the cause of the failure of Jay Cooke & Co? 350. Who were the Cuban filibusters? 351. What epidemics raged in 1873? 352. What is the Centennial State? 353. When was it admitted? 354. What was the Custer Slaughter? 355. What great men died during this administration? 356. What was the Centennial Exhibition? 357. What were the principal buildings? 358. Who were candidates for President at the close of Grant's second term? 359. What was the result of the election? 360. What were the Returning Boards? 361. How was the election settled? 362. What was Hayes' Southern policy? 363. What was his civil service policy? 364? When and where was the first railroad strike? 365. What caused it? 366. What was the Bland Silver Bill? 367. What was the Specie Resumption Act? 358. When was Specie payments resumed? 369. What was the treaty with China in 1880? 370. Was Hayes' administration acceptable to his party? 371. When was he inaugurated? 372. What other Presidents were inaugurated on the same day? 373. What is the Chinese question? 374. What was the Murphy movement? 375. What are National Banks? 376. What were the Star Route Frauds? 377. When was Garfield assassinated? 378. By whom? 378. By whom? 379. Where was the wounded president taken? 380. When died he die? 381. How many days did he live after he was shot? Where was he buried? 383. What changes did Arthur make in the cabinet? 384. What became of Guiteau? 385. What was the civil service bill? 386. Was Arthur's administration satisfactory to his party? 387. Who was elected next President? 389. Who were Cleveland's opponents? 390. How many vice-Presidents have died in office? 391. What was the post-office appropriation bill? 392. Who are the Knights of Labor? 393. What strikes have they instituted? 394. What was the Haymarket riot? 395. Who were the Chicago anarchists? 396. What became of them? 497. What was the "boycott"? 398. What is the Bartholdi statue? 396. What other name has it? 400. What city was nearly destroyed by an earthquake during this administration? 401. What is the Presidential succession bill? 402. What was the Chatworth Horror? 403. What is the Dynamite Gun? 404. What is the Interstate Com-

merce law? 405. Whom did President Cleveland marry?

Salem.

Salem merely exists—but lives and breathes with a vim, characteristic of a healthy growth, and a "coming-to-the-fore" quality.

Mr. editor, Salem is open. It is open to be convinced that it is not the best inland town in this end of the State.

It is open to the honest man, who wants to make one in its midst—but lots are so high-priced, he won't.

It is open to the "fat of the land and the fullness thereof," as well as mad dogs and traveling men.

It is open to religious communion, and a Union church—in name only.

It is open to no bugs—not even humbugs—yet "Third party men" are sometimes countenanced.

It has the best private school in Livingston county, and with a new academy, Prof. Evans and able assistants, what an opening there would be!

It is open to intellectual stimulus, and through the efforts of the H. Parmelee Library Association, and their rustling agent—C. Hodge—a library has been established and the people are broadening their minds by wholesome reading.

These, and many other things, Mr. Editor, is Salem open to, and yet it plods "the even tenor of its way" without pride, prejudice, or Pharisaical cussedness—but with vim, charity and wide-openness.

You will hear from our merchants next week. More affable ones never passed goods over the counters or pitched money into the drawers. With unabiding faith in the PRESO, we are the

WARBLER.

Mules for Sale.
I have 3 good mules to sell, for cash only.
M. Schwab.

Mill Notice.
We now have our mill in the best of shape with good machinery as the country affords. We can do your work on short notice and guarantee satisfaction in every particular. Thanking the public for past patronage we solicit a continuance of the same.

Very Truly Yours,
A. DEWEY & CO.

The Old Reliable
Butcher, J. W. GIVENS, keeps the best meat. He has an expert butcher employed, and everything is neat and clean. Call.

LIFE OF CHARLES H. SPURGEN,
By the noted Author, Pastor, Journalist and World-Renowned Platform Orator,

Russell H. Conwell,
LLB., DD., LLD.,
THE SPURGEON OF AMERICA.

The book contains over 500 pages, is elegantly illustrated with a number of beautiful half-tones and numerous other illustrations, all drawn and engraved especially for this work, is issued in three style of binding. Remember Conwell's is the only Standard Edition.

W. C. Glenn, Agt.,
FREDONIA, KY.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
Cures Indigestion, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Malitia, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell. Genuine hand trade mark and crossed red lines on witness.

PATENTS
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description of the Patent Office, FREDONIA, KY.

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Patents

VOLUME XII

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, APRIL 14, 1892.

NUMBER 42.

KENTUCKY WILL EXHIBIT.

The Legislature Passes the \$100,000 Appropriation.

Frankfort, Ky., April 7.—To-day a vote of the World's Fair appropriation bill was reached in the House, and the bill passed by a vote of 56 to 35. When the result was announced there was a storm of applause. Among those voting against the bill were Messrs. J. R. Summers, of Livingston; Glenn, of Lyon; Nichols, of Caldwell and Sims, of Trigg.

The House made two amendments to the original bill as passed by the Senate; these amendments prohibit the sale of liquor in the Kentucky department at Chicago, and provide that the exhibit shall be closed on Sunday. The bill provides that the Governor shall appoint five commissioners within thirty days after its passage; the duty of these commissioners is to collect, transport, receive and place the article for the Kentucky exhibit. The pay of these commissioners is limited to \$600 each for the year 1892, and \$1200 each for 1893. This board is directed to appoint an executive committee and "they" shall discharge such duties touching the products of female labor, and in assisting female exhibitors, and in facilitating the woman's department, as the commissioners may prescribe or direct. The ladies are to be paid \$5 per day for their services, and traveling expenses. The commissioners are required to file with the governor a detailed account of all money spent.

AFTER PALACIO.

Venezuela's President in Constant Fear of Assassination.

Caracas, April 6.—It is no longer a secret that Venezuela's Chief Magistrate is in constant fear of assassination. The guard around the Yellow House, or Casa Amarilla, has been redoubled. Every possible precaution has been taken to protect the President's life, but the throwing of the dynamite bomb the other day frightened the Government so much that it has not yet recovered its equanimity.

Not only has the Administration to fear its enemies in the field; in this city the revolutionists have made considerable headway. Their emissaries have successfully invaded the ranks of the police force of Caracas, upon whose loyalty the Administration has so stoutly relied, and it is said that many of the police have deserted and gone over to the insurgents.

Rumors of plots are heard on every side. No one would be surprised to hear that President Palacio had been assassinated. He spends most of his time in his mansion conferring with his Cabinet. The friends of the Supreme Court Judges and the Federal Councillors, who have been imprisoned by orders, are very indignant at what they characterize as dictatorial and tyrannical measures. Palacio's high-handed methods, instead of subduing, have increased the bitter feeling entertained against him.

Gen. Crespo, the leader of the insurgents continues in the meantime to receive adherents to his ranks from all parts of the Republic. Among his forces are many of the best fighting material of the country. With even numbers, any conflict between his men and the Government forces would, to a certainty, result in a triumph for the former.

Reports from the different

TARIFF REFORMED.

The Bill Moving the Wool Tax Passes the House.

Washington, April 7.—The Springer free wool bill passed the House to-day, all the Democrats but one and all the Alliance members but one voting for it. There were 194 yeas and 60 nays. Babbitt, a Democrat from Wisconsin, and Otis, an Alliance man from Kansas, were the only nays among the Democrats and Alliance members. This is the first of the numerous tariff reform measures the Democrats propose to pass during this session of congress. Wilson, of West Virginia, closed the debate on the Democratic side and his speech is considered one of the best ever made in House on this subject. He closed his able argument in these words:

"There is great exaggeration here and everywhere as to the character of foreign labor. I recall a few days ago a statement made by Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, that he diligently looked for this pauper labor of Europe wherever he was in Europe last summer.

In Germany, in Belgium, in Holland, he looked for it and did not find it. If he had looked for it in the fields of the planters, if he had looked for it in the fields of the farmers, if he had looked for it in the fields of wheat-growers, he would have found that pauper labor.

Gentlemen, compare the condition of the people of England with the condition of the people of this country; a country that, until a few years ago, almost in the days of our fathers, was hidden from the knowledge of the people of those older worlds. Here, while they were exhausting their fields, the mold in our agricultural valleys was deepening. Here, while they were exhausting their mines, ours were lying undisturbed in the mountains. Here, while they were exhausting their forests, not the sound of an axe broke the silence of the woods. And now, when there is left to this country but a handful of people, so to speak, the most intelligent, the most enterprising among them, the best educated people of the world, a people that have brought with them to this country all the knowledge, all the science, all the inventions, all the tools, all the capacity for self-government, and all the blessed influences of the Christian religion, when they are let loose in this great country, extending from sea to sea, rich, untouched, unexhausted, unexplored, you come here and elsewhere and say that we owe our greater prosperity, our better opportunities for usefulness, our higher wages, our better conditions in every respect, not to the bounty of Almighty God in giving us such a country, not to the wisdom and sacrifice of the fathers in giving us free institutions and equal laws, not to the enterprise and intelligence of our own people, but to a poor, little, two-by-six law of Congress made by yourselves in the way I have indicated."

What is Christianity.

An aggregate of virtues does not and cannot constitute Christianity or any other religion, no more than an aggregate of virtues constitutes a man, or an aggregate of different forces constitutes a locomotive, or an aggregate of brick, wood and mortar constitutes a house. Virtue is a force or a force of

doing a thing with ease, arising from the doing of that thing many times, as to acquire a habit of doing it. Kindness, candor, truthfulness and the other moral virtues are habits of mind growing out of a frequent repetition of acts of kindness, candor, truthfulness. A truthful man is one who has acquired the habit of telling the truth and can do it without effort, so that even when speaking against Christianity he can tell it without danger of wrenching a muscle, fracturing a bone or rupturing an artery. We may then define virtue as a habit mind inclining a man and making it easy for him to do good and act rightly. You can now see how these "habits of mind" may constitute a man good and religious, while they cannot constitute him a man, and why, taken altogether, they cannot constitute a religion or Christianity. Christianity teaches us all these virtues and exhorts us to practice them.

Wholesale Lumber.

Alexander, La., April 6.—News has reached here that Patrick Kelly, aged fifty-five, a peddler, was killed on Sunday last on Little river, near Fishville, by a gang of eight negroes. Four of them were caught and lynched and others are in pursuit of the rest of the gang. The killing was for the purpose of getting his money. His headquarters were at this place.

Wonders of the Finance State.

Prof. William James, a well known Harvard instructor, in speaking of the trance condition and trances in general, says: "I know a woman who in her trances knows facts that altogether transcend her possible normal consciousness—facts about the lives of people whom she never saw or heard of before. I make this statement deliberately, knowing the liabilities to which it exposes me. My own impressions are that the trance condition is an immensely complex and fluctuating thing, into the understanding of which we have hardly begun to penetrate, and concerning which any very sweeping generalizations are sure to be premature."—St. Louis Republic.

Beneath Reason.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 7.—Capt. Chris Rath, who hanged Mrs. Surratt and the other Lincoln conspirators in Washington, was suddenly bereft of reason yesterday on the run to Jackson with the mail train.

He has been mail agent for twenty years between here and Jackson, and made the latter place his headquarters. Last night it was noticed that he did not throw the mail off, and an investigation found him in the car, surrounded by the bags, staring wildly at vacancy. He was Provost at Washington at the close of the war, and retained a vivid recollection of the hanging of the conspirators.

A Petrified Man.

Wiley Johnson, who was buried twenty years ago at Central City, was disinterred a few days since for the purpose of moving the body to another grave. The men who had the work in charge were surprised to find that the body had petrified completely. Every line of the body and every feature of the face was as natural as when he was buried, and the friends who knew him while living had no trouble in recognizing the body, which was placed in a casket and viewed by many persons.

Massachusetts for Grover.

The Old Bay State Makes Known Its Position on the Tariff.

Boston, April 8.—The Democratic State Convention for the selection of four delegates to the National Convention, was in this city to-day.

Touching upon the tariff issue and the money question the platform says:

We reaffirm the Democratic doctrine that no more money shall be collected than is necessary for an economical administration of the Government; that the Government shall receive all taxes the people pay; that taxes should bear as evenly as possible upon all the people.

We earnestly approve the bill now under debate in the House of representatives, which places wool upon the free list. Under its beneficial provisions the great boon of cheaper and better clothing will be given our people, and an increased demand for labor will follow,

and thus opened for our woollen manufacturers.

We heartily endorse the bills presented in Congress placing coal and iron ore upon the free list. The Democratic party thus seeks to revive a once prosperous Massachusetts industry now almost crushed out of existence by unjust taxation imposed by the Republican party.

We will welcome whenever it can be enacted a comprehensive bill making a general reduction in the duties imposed by the tariff bill of 1883 and by the yet more oppressive tariff legislation of 1890.

With these views we not only oppose the latter, but the spirit and intent, of the last Republican tariff act, which reduces the revenue, while it raises the taxes; we demand its repeal because its intention is to raise prices, to restrict commerce and to transfer the power of taxation from the Government to individuals and corporations; and in its place we demand that a genuine measure of the tariff reform shall be enacted.

We believe in the reduction of the tariff taxes to increase revenue, in protecting the daily living of the people instead of giving opportunity to a privileged class to acquire wealth.

This is the clear issue between the two parties. There is no hope for tariff reform but in the success of the Democratic party.

We renew our declaration of principles with regard to the coinage of gold and silver adopted by our State convention of last year, upon which our party achieved victory.

We believe in honest money, the gold and silver coinage of the Constitution, and in a currency convertible into such coinage without loss. This declaration, expressing the uniform historic policy of the national Democratic party contained in its platforms of 1884 and 1888, we unreversedly reaffirm.

We believe that all dollars coined by the United States should be of equal intrinsic value, and that all paper currency issued by the Government should be redeemable in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the holder, and not at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The following was adopted:

While adhering to our time-honored custom, we do not specifically pledge our delegation, yet declare our conviction that the best interests of the party and of the country demand the nomination and elec-

tion of Grover Cleveland as President, and we are confident that under his leadership the principles of Democracy will again win a glorious victory.

A WOKE TO DIE.

Nine People Burned to Death At Fort Madison, Iowa.

Fort Madison, Ia., April 6.—Nine people were burned to death at 2524 Santa Fe avenue, last night, where fire broke out in a two-story building while all the occupants were asleep. The upper story was used as a dwelling by the owner, and the lower occupied by the general store and meat market of McIntosh & Pease. The fire was discovered at 11:45 o'clock and an alarm given, and the fire department quickly responded. About two minutes minutes after the fire was discovered a terrific explosion shook the building, and the flames burst out furiously.

It is supposed that some kegs of powder stored in the building exploded and destroyed the narrow stairs leading inside the building from the second story, and thus cutting out all hope of escape. The fire burned very rapidly. The nearest hydrant was four blocks distant, and before connection could be made the building was doomed. No cries were heard from those inside the building, and seven perished before help could reach them.

FURNITURE.

Has a large stock of merchandise consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Furniture, Farm implements, and Fertilizers which he wants to exchange for cash, country bacon, lard, eggs, poultry, etc. He will allow you the highest market price in exchange.

The old Firm at the old Stand.

We are again in the Furniture business at the old stand, and have a large and well assured stock of Household and Kitchen

FURNITURE and will sell it as cheap as any house in Southern Kentucky. We want it distinctly understood and remembered that we are

Low Price Furniture Men.

We mean to sell you goods at a price that will enable you to supply yourself with every article, not only of household necessity, but luxury, that you want in our line. Our stock embraces everything needed in the household. We also carry a large stock of

Coffins & Caskets, —

Having broken out in the interior of George H. Miller's furniture store & cabinet shop, on Main Street, we will continue the business at the old stand and do our best to serve you as well as before. Geo. H. Miller.

NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern:

The firm of G. & C. Walker, Marion, Ky., who have long engaged in general hardware business, now, by mutual consent, dissolve and re-purify.

Geo. H. Miller, Geo. H. Miller.

NOTICES.

Having broken out in the interior of George H. Miller's furniture store & cabinet shop, on Main Street, we will continue the business at the old stand and do our best to serve you as well as before. Geo. H. Miller.

MARION, KY.

Adams & Wallace, Blacksmiths and Woodworkers,

Marion, Kentucky.

Having bought out Mr. J. W. Adams, we take him back of interest in the public that we are prepared to do all kinds of blacksmithing and wood work.

HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Repairing of all kind done. Shop at old stand on College street.

Adams & Wallace.

PIERCE & SON.

We are making a pure corn whiskey and selling it at \$1.00 a quart.

H. D. Woodring & Co.

Laundromat pretty and stout, was lately in trouble and doubt;

For her best counterpanes dad some very black stains

But CLAIROTE SOAP took them out.

CLAIROTE SOAP—made only by H. K. FAIRBANK & CO., St. Louis.

BLANK